

Title of the measure:	POR 24 - <i>Energy Labelling Directive, Directive 2010/30/EU</i>
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General description

The Ecodesign and Energy Labelling Directives express the European Commission's goal towards reducing the energy consumed by products, at the design and manufacture stage, Ecodesign Directive, and at the operation stage, Energy Labelling Directive.

The Energy Labelling Directive, Directive 2010/30/EU was recently repealed by the Regulation (EU) 2017/1369 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2017 which sets a framework for energy labelling. This new regulation maintains the previous Directive goal of providing the end-consumers with more information regarding the products energy performance, in order to better decide on the acquisition stage.

To this end the Regulation presents three main novelties:

- The rescaling of the labels energy class, progressively eliminating the "A plus" classes, recovering the A to G energy class;
- Upon the rescaling process, to leave the top class, or two top classes, empty to encourage technological progress;
- To create a product database, with public and private access, where the supplier is responsible for the upload of information regarding new products placed on the market.

The Regulation can be accessed: <http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=celex:32017R1369>

The new Regulation maintains the binding obligation for energy labelling and standard product information on the consumption of energy and other resources by energy-related products.

The main obligations established are the obligations from the market agents, namely:

- suppliers, manufacturer or authorised representative who places a product on the Union Market, shall, before placing on the market a unit of a new model covered by a delegated act, enter in the public and compliance parts of the product database the information for that model. The supplier also has to ensure that the products placed on the market are accompanied with accurate printed labels and product information sheets;
- dealers, retailer or other natural or legal person who offers for sale, hire, or hire purchase or displays products to customers or installers in the course of commercial activity, shall display, in a visible manner, including for online distance selling, the label and the product information sheet provided by the supplier. Whenever the dealer does not have a product's label or product information sheet, it shall request to the supplier.

The technical specifications for each of the products covered by these regulations are set via Delegated Regulations, non-legislative acts of general application to supplement or amend certain non-essential elements of a legislative act, used where uniform conditions for implementing legally binding Union acts are required.



At this moment, October 2017, there are 15 Commission Delegated Regulations and one Commission Directive published, that set the rules for the European Energy Labelling of 19 lots of products. A transversal Regulation is also in force, setting the rules for online commerce. The energy labelling of tires is set in a specific Regulation, 1222/2009.

Unlike the previous Directive, the Regulation (EU) 2017/1369 does not require the Member States to transpose it, entering automatically in force in all Member States.

Impact evaluation

According to the European Commission, “overall, consumers using only energy efficient products in their homes could be saving €465 annually per household by 2020. All ecodesign and energy labelling measures combined are estimated to deliver annual energy savings of around 166 million tonnes of oil equivalent in primary energy. This is equivalent to the annual primary energy consumption of Italy or the yearly consumption of about 60 million households.”

Interaction of measures

This measure interacts with measures described in the:

- (i) General Cross-Cutting, namely: POR7 - National Action Plan for Energy Efficiency (NEEAP), 2013-2016;
- (ii) Residential sector: POR 16 - Equipment replacement and POR 22 - Buildings codes on thermal performance characteristics

Means and outputs

No information available.

Data about energy savings

No information available.

Sources of uncertainties about energy savings

No information available.

Evaluation of the energy savings

No information available.

Other indicators monitored and/or evaluated

No information available.

Historical data

The Regulation (EU) 2017/1369 repeals the Directive 2010/30/EU.

The Directive 2010/30/EU was the recast of the Council Directive 92/75/EEC of 22 September 1992

References

<https://ec.europa.eu/energy/node/2349>

https://ec.europa.eu/energy/sites/ener/files/documents/list_of_enege_labelling_measures.pdf

